

29:171 - Homework Assignment #9

1. The commutator and anti-commutator of two linear operators are defined by

$$[A, B] := AB - BA \quad \{A, B\} := AB + BA$$

Prove the following identities

$$[A[B, C]] + [B[C, A]] + [C[A, B]] = 0$$

$$[A, BC] = [A, B]C + B[A, C]$$

$$\{A, BC\} = \{A, B\}C + B\{A, C\}$$

2. Let K be a linear Hermitian operator. Define

$$W := (I + iK)(I - iK)^{-1}$$

Show that W is a unitary operator.

Express K in terms of W . (K is called the Cayley transform of W)

3. Let P be an orthogonal projection operator. Let $Q := I - P$.

Show that Q is an orthogonal projection operator.

Evaluate QP .

4. A linear operator N is Nilpotent if for some finite n , $N^n = 0$. Show that e^N is a finite degree polynomial in N if N is nilpotent. Show that $e^{\alpha N} e^{\beta N} = e^{(\alpha+\beta)N}$ still holds when N is nilpotent.

5. Let A be a bounded linear operator on a normed linear space. Define the partial sums

$$F_n(A) = I + \sum_{m=1}^n \frac{1}{m!} A^m$$

Show that this is a Cauchy sequence of operators.

6. Show that if $[A, B] = 0$ that

$$\exp(A + B) = \exp(A)\exp(B) = \exp(B)\exp(A)$$

What happens to these relations if $[A, B] = \alpha I$ where α is complex and I is the identity operator?

7. Let P be a positive operator. Prove the generalized Cauchy Schwartz inequality:

$$|\langle a|P|b \rangle|^2 \leq \langle a|P|a \rangle \langle b|P|b \rangle$$